Printed Page: 1 of 1 Subject Code: KEE058

PAPER ID-310425

Roll No:

B. TECH (SEM-V) THEORY EXAMINATION 2020-21 **ANALOG & DIGITAL COMMUNICATION**

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A

1.	Attempt <i>all</i> questions in brief.		$2 \ge 10 = 20$	
Qno.	Question	Marks	CO	
a.	Draw the basic block diagram of analog communication system.	2	1	
b.	Explain different type of internal and external noises.	2	1	
c.	What do you mean by narrowband and wideband frequency modulation (FM)?	2	2	
d.	Explain the Nyquist criteria for sampling.	2	2	
e.	What is entropy?	2	3	
f.	What is VSB modulation? What is the application of VSB modulation?	2	3	
g.	Draw the various waveforms for amplitude, frequency, and phase shift key.	2	4	
h.	Why FSK is preferred over ASK?	2	4	
i.	Define the depth of modulation.	2	5	
j.	What is entropy? How is it useful in determining information?	2	5	

SECTION B

2.	Attempt any <i>three</i> of the following:	$3 \times 10 =$	30
Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Explain the working of Phase shift method for SSB-SC generation with block diagram.	10	1
	Draw the spectrum of SSB-SC.		
b.	What is the difference between direct and indirect methods of FM generation? Explain the	10	2
	working of varactor diode method for FM generation.		
c.	What is quantization? How is quantization and coding done? Explain with	th10 suitab	ાલ
	diagram.		
d.	Write short notes on ASK, FSK and PSK? How is FSK generated? Obtain the expression	10	4
	for its bandwidth. Briefly discuss regarding its frequency spectrum		
e.	Explain the difference between TDM and FDM.	10	5
	SECTION C		

SECTION C

3.	Attempt any <i>one</i> part of the following:		
a.	Differentiate between the TRF receiver and super heterodyne receiver. What	ladre the	e 1
	functions of receiver a contract of the second se		
b.	Explain generation and detection of DSB-SC signal.	10	1
4.	Attempt any one part of the following:		
a.	Explain the difference between narrowband FM and wideband FM. Also Explain the	10	2
	Armstrong method for the generation of wideband FM.		
b.	What is noise? Noise is difficult to eliminate but its effect can be minimizing justify	10	2
5.	Attempt any <i>one</i> part of the following:		
a.	With the help of block diagram explain the working of delta modulation how adaptive	10	3
	delta modulator improves the performance of delta modulation		
b.	What is pulse code modulation? Using suitable diagram explain the quantization of signals	10	3
6.	Attempt any one part of the following:		
a.	Giving modulated waveforms, single space diagrams and probability of errors draw the	10	4
	optimum receiver structures for DPSK and coherent FSK modulation schemes.		
b.	Explain with the help of diagram, a method of generating and demodulating phase shift	10	4
	keying signals.		
7.	Attempt any one part of the following:		_
a.	Define information and entropy. Find an expression for the channel capa	ci t ø∕of	a5
	continuous channel.	<u> </u>	
b.	Explain briefly: (i) T1 carrier system., (ii) Shannon-Fano coding.	10	5

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